**Social Housing Statistics**

The levels of social housing need are assessed and monitored by the Northern Ireland Housing Executive (NIHE). Social Housing is housing that is provided at an affordable rent by the Housing Executive and registered housing associations; that is, housing associations that are registered and regulated by the Department for Communities (DfC) as a social housing provider.

The five-year assessment for Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough for 2022-27 shows a need for an additional 1,101 units over this period.

 *Figure 1: Social housing need in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough 2014-19 to 2022-27. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

With an additional 1,101 units required in the Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough between 2022-27, figure 2 shows this need by settlement area within the borough. North Lurgan and Banbridge Town exhibit the highest levels of social housing need in the borough with 248 and 170 units required respectively.

*Figure 2: Social housing need in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough by settlement 2022-27. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

The NIHE waiting list can be used to determine the pressure for social housing in an area. NIHE holds data on all housing applications and allocations (‘the waiting list’) made through the Common Selection Scheme in their Housing Management System.

As at March 2022, there were 3,721 applicants on the waiting list in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough.

Of these applicants, 2,271 (or 61%) were in housing stress (where they have 30 or more points under the Common Selection Scheme.) The number of applicants on the waiting list and in housing stress has decreased slightly over the past year.

A total of 503 applicants were allocated social housing in the borough in the year ending March 2022, an increase on the previous year.

*Figure 3: Social housing waiting list trends, Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough 2014 to 2022. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

The household breakdown of the 2,271 applicants in housing stress shows 964 (42%) were single person households, 543 (24%) were small family households and 356 (15.7%) were older person households.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Type | Single Person | Small Adult | Small Family | Large Adult | Large Family | Older Person | Total |
| Applicant | 1,533 | 252 | 910 | 159 | 308 | 565 | **3,727** |
| Applicant in Housing Stress | 964 | 141 | 543 | 99 | 170 | 356 | **2,273** |
| % of Applicants in Housing Stress | 62.9% | 56.0% | 59.7% | 62.3% | 55.2% | 63.0% | **61.0%** |
| Allocation | 173 | 30 | 138 | 15 | 54 | 93 | **503** |

*Table 1: Waiting list at March 2022 in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

Definitions of each of the household types are provided on the following page.



*Figure 4: Composition of housing stress applications at March 2022 (i.e. 30 points or more) in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Household Type** | **Definition** |
| Single person | 1 person 16-59 years old |
| Older person | 1 or 2 persons aged 16 or over, at least 1 over 60 |
| Small adult | 2 persons 16-59 years old |
| Small family | 1 or 2 persons aged 16 or over, with 1 or 2 children |
| Large family | 1 or 2 persons aged 16 or over, and 3 or more persons 0-15, or 3 or more persons 16 or over and 2 or more persons aged 0-15 |
| Large adult | 3 or more persons aged 16 or over with or without 1 person aged 0-15 |

*Table 2: Household Types Definitions. Source: Northern Ireland Housing Executive.*

Further information on social housing can be found via the following links:

<https://www.nihe.gov.uk/Working-With-Us/Partners/Commissioning-prospectus>

[https://www.nihe.gov.uk/Working-With-Us/Partners/Housing-Investment-Plans-(HIPS)](https://www.nihe.gov.uk/Working-With-Us/Partners/Housing-Investment-Plans-%28HIPS%29)