**Admission Rates**

The standardised number of admissions per 100,000 people in 2020/21 in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough was 20,349 compared to 21,549 in Northern Ireland. Admissions have been lower in the borough than in Northern Ireland for five of the eight years presented below. While rates in the borough have been more changeable over the years, in Northern Ireland, admission rates have been in decline since 2013/14.

| All Admissions  (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2013/14 | 23,700 | 25,372 |
| 2014/15 | 23,476 | 24,940 |
| 2015/16 | 24,474 | 24,794 |
| 2016/17 | 28,856 | 24,673 |
| 2017/18 | 23,889 | 23,981 |
| 2018/19 | 24,043 | 23,507 |
| 2019/20 | 22,858 | 22,557 |
| 2020/21 | 20,349 | 21,549 |

*Table 1: Standardised admission rate (all admissions) per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2013/14 to 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

*Figure 1: Standardised admission rate (all admissions) per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2013/14 to 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

The standardised rate of emergency admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough was higher than Northern Ireland in 2020/21 with rates of 10,023 and 9,638 respectively. This is the fourth year in a row that the rate in the borough has exceeded that of Northern Ireland.

| Emergency Admissions  (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2013/14 | 8,373 | 9,520 |
| 2014/15 | 8,696 | 9,394 |
| 2015/16 | 9,490 | 9,495 |
| 2016/17 | 9,017 | 9,285 |
| 2017/18 | 9,777 | 9,234 |
| 2018/19 | 9,547 | 8,917 |
| 2019/20 | 9,463 | 8,785 |
| 2020/21 | 10,023 | 9,638 |

*Table 2: Standardised admission rate for emergency admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2013/14 to 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Emergency Admissions

*Figure 2: Standardised admission rate for emergency admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2013/14 to 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Standardised circulatory admission rates per 100,000 population have been broadly similar between Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland overall. The rate for 2018/19 - 2020/21 for circulatory admissions in the borough was 1,876 while the rate for Northern Ireland was slightly lower at 1,853. Circulatory admission rates per 100,000 population have been declining since 2011/12 – 2013/14 in both Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland overall.

| Circulatory Admissions (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2011/12 – 2013/14 | 2,375 | 2,344 |
| 2012/13 – 2014/15 | 2,285 | 2,337 |
| 2013/14 – 2015/16 | 2,273 | 2,285 |
| 2014/15 – 2016/17 | 2,168 | 2,170 |
| 2015/16 – 2017/18 | 2,112 | 2,062 |
| 2016/17 – 2018/19 | 2,019 | 1,996 |
| 2017/18 – 2019/20 | 2,014 | 1,953 |
| 2018/19 – 2020/21 | 1,876 | 1,853 |

*Table 3: Standardised admission rate for circulatory admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

*Figure 3: Standardised admission rate for circulatory admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Circulatory Admissions

The standardised rate of respiratory admissions per 100,000 people has been consistently lower in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough since 2011/12 – 2013/14 than in Northern Ireland. The rate per 100,000 population in the borough for 2018/19 – 2020/21 was 1,515 while in Northern Ireland the rate was 1,626. Respiratory admission rates had been increasing in both the borough and Northern Ireland between 2011/12 – 2013/14 to 2015/16 – 2017/18 but both have now recorded a decrease in respiratory admission rates for the third year running with the most recent being a significant decline.

| Respiratory Admissions  (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2011/12 – 2013/14 | 1,721 | 1,940 |
| 2012/13 – 2014/15 | 1,790 | 2,005 |
| 2013/14 – 2015/16 | 1,835 | 2,040 |
| 2014/15 – 2016/17 | 1,876 | 2,055 |
| 2015/16 – 2017/18 | 1,898 | 2,074 |
| 2016/17 – 2018/19 | 1,875 | 2,022 |
| 2017/18 – 2019/20 | 1,852 | 1,969 |
| 2018/19 – 2020/21 | 1,515 | 1,626 |

*Table 4: Standardised admission rate for respiratory admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

*Figure 4: Standardised admission rate for respiratory admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Respiratory Admissions

In 2018/19 – 2020/21 the standardised admission rates per 100,000 population for alcohol related causes was 628 in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough, an increase from 607 in 2017/18 – 2019/20. The rate for Northern Ireland for 2018/19 – 2020/21 was higher than the borough at 659. Rates in Northern Ireland have been in decline since 2013/14 – 2015/16 while in the borough, following two years of decline, the rates have started in increase again in the last three periods presented.

| Alcohol Related Causes Admissions  (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2011/12 – 2013/14 | 577 | 694 |
| 2012/13 – 2014/15 | 600 | 719 |
| 2013/14 – 2015/16 | 603 | 728 |
| 2014/15 – 2016/17 | 597 | 721 |
| 2015/16 – 2017/18 | 587 | 691 |
| 2016/17 – 2018/19 | 596 | 673 |
| 2017/18 – 2019/20 | 607 | 662 |
| 2018/19 – 2020/21 | 628 | 659 |

*Table 5: Standardised admission rate for alcohol related causes admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2108/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Alcohol Related Admissions

*Figure 5: Standardised admission rate for alcohol related causes admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

In Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough, standardised admissions for drug related causes per 100,000 population had been in decline from 2012/13 – 2014/15 (261) until 2016/17 – 2018/19 when it reached a low of 157. Figures have been increasing from 2016/17 – 2018/19 and in 2018/19 – 2020/21 were at 167. Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough admissions were higher than in Northern Ireland in 2011/12 – 2013/14 and 2012/13 – 2014/15 but the rate for the borough has been consistently lower than Northern Ireland since 2013/14 – 2015/16.

| Drug Related Causes Admissions  (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2011/12 – 2013/14 | 257 | 251 |
| 2012/13 – 2014/15 | 261 | 247 |
| 2013/14 – 2015/16 | 236 | 237 |
| 2014/15 – 2016/17 | 190 | 220 |
| 2015/16 – 2017/18 | 159 | 202 |
| 2016/17 – 2018/19 | 157 | 191 |
| 2017/18 – 2019/20 | 164 | 190 |
| 2018/19 – 2020/21 | 167 | 193 |

*Table 6: Standardised admission rate for drug related causes admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 – 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

*Figure 6: Standardised admission rate for drug related causes admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2011/12 - 2013/14 to 2018/19 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Drug Related Admissions

The standardised admission rate per 100,000 population for self-harm in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon in 2016/17 – 2020/21 was 104 compared to the Northern Ireland rate of 117. This is the third time that the rate for the borough has been below the rate for Northern Ireland. While the admission rate has been decreasing in both the borough and Northern Ireland from 236 and 226 respectively in 2009/10 – 2013/14, the Armagh City, Banbridge & Craigavon Borough LGD - NI Gap has widened from -3% in 2014/15 – 2018/19 to -11% in 2016/17 – 2020/21.

| Self-harm Admissions (per 100,000 population) | Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon | Northern Ireland |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2009/10 – 2013/14 | 236 | 226 |
| 2010/11 – 2014/15 | 233 | 215 |
| 2011/12 – 2015/16 | 207 | 194 |
| 2012/13 – 2016/17 | 176 | 173 |
| 2013/14 – 2017/18 | 157 | 154 |
| 2014/15 – 2018/19 | 132 | 136 |
| 2015/16 – 2019/20 | 108 | 123 |
| 2016/17 – 2020/21 | 104 | 117 |

*Table 7: Standardised admission rate for self-harm admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2009/10 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 - 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Self-harm Admissions

*Figure 7: Standardised admission rate for self-harm admissions per 100,000 population in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough and Northern Ireland 2009/10 - 2013/14 to 2016/17 – 2020/21. Source: Northern Ireland Health and Social Care Inequalities Monitoring System, Department of Health.*

Further information on admission rates can be found in the Health Inequalities Annual Report which can be accessed via the following link:

<https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/articles/health-inequalities-statistics>