

ARMAGH CITY, BANBRIDGE AND CRAIGAVON BOROUGH COUNCIL

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Equality screened/Rural Impact Assessed by	Kieran Cahoon, Outdoor Spaces Maintenance Manager
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1.0 Introduction

This policy identifies Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council's approach to the management of trees. Council accepts that it has a responsibility to manage the trees located on Council lands or those trees located on lands where council have a prior agreement in place. Council has a duty of care and legal public safety obligation in this regard. Trees growing in the Borough are vital and important, yet at the same time can be seen as a highly emotive issue both in terms of nuisance and of the benefit they provide.

Objective of the policy

- The aim of the tree management policy will be to set out Council's targeted approach to managing the trees it has responsibility for in a cost-effective way.
- Developing and improving the trees located within Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council's remit.
- Dealing with common complaints.
- Health and Safety
- The management policy is designed to balance the risks with the benefits of the tree stock.
- Conservation will be a key consideration when maintaining Council's tree stock.

The importance of working within an allocated budget is also recognised within this policy document.

2.0 Developing and improving the trees located within Council's Estate

Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council is committed to developing and improving the Borough's tree stock.

It is recognised that:

- Trees are essential to the creation of a globally sustainable environment.
- Trees add great beauty and character to the Borough's landscape
- Trees absorb atmospheric pollutants thus purifying the air we breathe
- Trees provide invaluable habitat for birds and other wildlife

These benefits all contribute towards making Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon a better place in which to live, work and visit. It is further recognised that Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council should actively:

- Involve the whole community in tree care and management, where appropriate through partnership working.
- Plan the work required, following any necessary consultations.
- Develop and maintain co-operation between statutory agencies and local landowners.
- Involve voluntary groups, private householders and other interested groups when applicable.

- Manage the tree population as a vital resource for shade, wildlife value, visual screening, noise, historical value and pollution reduction, the provision of interest within the landscape and a sense of the changing seasons.
- Plant new or replacement trees in accordance with their suitability to their particular situation. Consideration should be given to the species, eventual size at maturity, local climate, soil-type, environment, potential local difficult conditions and tree availability.
- Requests for memorial trees will be delt with separately via the Memorials Policy.

3.0 Nature / Conservation

Where trees are identified or suspected as creating an important habitat for important species of wildlife, officers will consult with the conservation section on <u>all</u> proposed tree works. Consideration will always be given to the impact of any tree pruning or felling on local wildlife.

Consideration will be given to minimise the impact upon local wildlife where tree maintenance works are scheduled to take place. Council's conservation section will provide a competent person to assess the site and provide advice.

Dead wood may be left standing or on the ground in habitat piles wherever appropriate.

Trees which are protected by a Tree Preservation Order will require Planning Service consent before any works are considered. Before authorising any tree works contact should be made with the Local Planning Service and if any TPO's do apply then planning consent and permission must be obtained.

4.0 Health and Safety

The aim of the tree management policy will be to set out Council's approach to managing the trees it has responsibility for. This will include a health and safety regime through managing tree associated risk.

Council may appoint contractors to conduct tree services. Contractors will be required to adhere and comply with the Council's code of conduct for contractors.

The management of trees in locations with a large footfall of people will be prioritised for the purposes of health and safety.

4.1 Objective

To provide a management framework whereby managers in Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council will identify work programs in order to manage the tree stock.

4.2 Strategy

Armagh City, Banbridge, Craigavon Borough Council will manage the risk from trees by creating an annual list of tree works primarily identified by visual inspection and/or the use of externally sourced arboriculture inspections by suitably qualified arboricultural experts.

An annual list of tree works will be compiled for the purposes of maintenance.

5.0 Tree Management

Tree management and maintenance will be carried out on a risk-based approach and in line with approved budgets.

Due to the size of the Council's estate, it will not be possible to maintain all of the tree stock to a similar standard. The maintenance of trees will therefore be prioritised to those higher risk areas such as those with a large footfall of people.

Annual tree inspections will help develop an action plan for essential tree maintenance on a risk-based approach. However, ongoing inspections will be required, especially following storms in order to continuously monitor the risks posed by the Councils' tree stock.

5.1 Felling Trees

The Council will not usually cut down healthy trees. However, there are the following examples of exceptions:

- The condition or position of the tree means it must be removed for safety reasons.
- The tree's roots have damaged a path or road surface causing potential hazard, but where root pruning would not provide a solution.
- The tree stands in the way of agreed development work.
- Insurance or risk assessments dictate removal.
- A dead or dying tree that is a danger to the public/contractors/employees.

Formal written requests (to fell) should be prioritised by Managers on the basis of:

The danger or threat posed by the tree in relation to the exceptions mentioned above.

In the interest of conservation Council will consider consulting externally to obtain an expert independent opinion before felling is undertaken. Where external reports consider the tree to be in a healthy state Council may refuse the request for felling.

5.2 Tree Pruning

Trees may require pruning, any cutting can weaken a tree and allow decay organisms to enter exposed tissue. Pruning often causes a tree to respond by producing vigorous new growth, often undoing the purpose of the original pruning. An exception to this will be trees requiring formative pruning to shape or train them during the early years.

Older trees do not tolerate pruning as well as younger ones and substantial pruning can be damaging, particularly in species that are not naturally tolerant of cutting.

Tree pruning will only be undertaken where there is sound justification for the work.

The following are examples where pruning will be considered:

- For the purposes of health and safety.
 - A tree that is obstructing a public highway, public right of way, paths or vehicle routes.
 - Trees interfering with street lighting, highway signage or affecting other statutory services.
 - Trees needing formative pruning to shape or train them during the early years.
 - Removal of dead and diseased branches.

When statutory agencies request permissions to conduct works. The impact of the works on the tree stock must be taken into consideration and permissions sought from Council before the commencement of works.

Additional Tree pruning on neighbouring properties will be considered as detailed within the Overhanging Branches Policy in appendix 1. Additional budget for discretionary works will be sought to address customer concerns. Priority will be given to Health and Safety works.

5.3 Timber Disposal

Disposal of timber will be included within the tender process. Any material left on site for the purpose of biodiversity will be agreed and approved by the manager responsible for that location.

5.4 Tree Planting

The Council will actively maintain the tree stock by planting additional trees on an ad hoc basis. This will assist the council to maintain a healthy age profile across the estate.

5.5 Scope

The procedure shall apply to the management of trees which are located on Council lands, or those trees located on lands where council have a prior agreement in place.

If additional funding is made available for arboricultural works outside of any prior agreements and which are located on non-council lands, then Council must consider such requests following proper consultation with the elected members and determining the Council's vires to do so. Council may only lawfully carry out such works on lands of other parties following the landowner's agreement to do so and following full consideration by Council.

5.6 Records

The site manager shall retain the following documentation relevant to their area of control.

- Maintenance records.
- Records of information, instruction and training to employees.
- Register of competent persons to inspect trees.
- Register of competent persons to carry out arboricultural works.

- Safe systems of work and risk assessments for arboriculture works.
- Register of arboricultural contractors who fulfill Council requirements for external contractual works.

5.7 Review

This policy shall be reviewed periodically every 5 years, or more frequently if required.

5.8 Audit

This policy shall be audited as part of the internal audit system.

5.9 Procedure

Tree inspections will be carried out in accordance with the following guidelines:

- Individual inspections will be carried out by competent staff or contractors.
- All internal data will be recorded and retained.
- All necessary remedial work will be carried out as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- Records of all external survey work, inspections and recommendations, etc., will be recorded and monitored.
- All emergency situations shall be considered individually, assessed and actioned appropriately.
- Should Council require the services of an external arboricultural expert they must be procured through the Council's procurement process.
- The importance of working within an allocated budget is considered within the decision to progress works.

Work Undertaken by other Statutory Agencies:

Statutory Agencies will only be permitted to carry out arboriculture work on Council managed lands following approval from the Council Lands and Properties Office.

6.0 Dealing with common complaints

Common complaints relating to trees include the following examples;

- Overhanging or obstructing branches
- Loss of light
- Loss of landscape views
- Interference with television and satellite reception
- Littering by leaves and fruit
- Potential risk to property
- Heave

The aforementioned neighbour related complaints are dealt with in the policy on overhanging branches as detailed in appendices 1 and 2.

Appendix 1: POLICY ON 'OVERHANGING BRANCHES'

The Council accepts that this is a complicated area of law which is further complicated in practice by the potential management implications for Council's large estate of lands. Council has a clear responsibility for trees on its own land and has a 'duty of care' in this regard. Council have a programme of regular visual inspections of trees within its' parks and other public places.

Where branches from trees on Council land overhang adjoining gardens or properties, normal practice allows land-owners to trim or remove such branches as far back as their boundary if so desired. Council staff should inform owners of this right when appropriate or when asked.

However, when a request is received from a landowner for Council to trim back any overhanging branches, the following criteria should be considered:

- In the case of healthy trees, Council position is more 'discretionary' (although from a purely legal perspective Council do have a responsibility but with no obvious sanctions).
- The underlying logistical concern is that we should exercise such discretionary responsibilities in a controlled but reasonable fashion.
- Such formal requests (to cut overhanging branches) should be prioritised by Managers on the basis of:
 - 1. the risk posed by overhanging branches.
 - 2. the degree of loss of amenity to the residents concerned with respect to light, falling leaves, etc, and
 - 3. their ability or otherwise to do the work themselves.
- Where Council undertake such work officers should agree the involvement in writing and should seek permission and indemnity for Council workers or contractors working on the property from the owner(s) of that property.

Appendix 2: FORM OF INDEMNITY
For work carried out by Council staff/contractors on neighbouring properties

I,being the owner / tenant <i>(delete)</i> of
,
hereby give permission for Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council to enter and use the grounds of this property for the purposes of agreed tree-cutting works.
Accepting that those staff so instructed will take all reasonable precautions to prevent any damage to my property, including lawns, flowerbeds, green houses, etc., I undertake not to claim for costs or any other expenses arising out of these operations mindful that such works are considered to be of benefit to myself, the property and my amenity.
I also certify that my house insurance covers my liability for any negligence on my part leading to injury to persons or damage to Council property whilst such works are being undertaken.
Signed Date:
PRINT NAME:
Signed on behalf of Council:
Position:Date:
For the purposes of record, such works are scheduled to take place on:
or at a time and date otherwise agreed.

Appendix 3: EQUALITY SCREENING FORM

Policy Scoping
Policy Title: Tree Management Policy Brief Description of Policy (please attach copy if available). Please state if it is a new, existing or amended policy.
This is an existing policy which has been reviewed. It provides for the Council's processes and guidelines for the management of the tree stock across the borough which falls under Council control.
Intended aims/outcomes. What is the policy trying to achieve?
The aim of this policy is to ensure that a consistent approach to tree management is adopted across the Council area and will apply to those trees stocks managed by Council.
Policy Framework
Has the policy been developed in response to statutory requirements, legal advice or on the basis of any other professional advice? Does this affect the discretion available to The Council to amend the policy?
N/A
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the policy? If so, please outline.
None
Who initiated or wrote the policy (if The Council decision, please state). Who is

Who initiated or wrote the policy (if The Council decision, please state). Who is responsible for implementing the policy?

Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Kieran Cahoon, Outdoor Spaces
	Maintenance Manager
Who is responsible for implementation?	Environmental Services Department

Are there any factors which might contribute to or detract from the implementation of the policy (e.g. financial, legislative, other)?

Where tree preservation orders are in place these may impact upon the Policy delivery.

Main stakeholders in relation to the policy

Please list main stakeholders affected by the policy (e.g. staff, customers, other statutory bodies, community or voluntary sector, private sector)

Staff, members of the public and residents living adjacent to or near council properties or green spaces will be the main stakeholders affected by this policy.

Are there any other policies with a bearing on this policy? If so, please identify them and how they impact on this policy.



Available Evidence

The Council should ensure that its screening decisions are informed by relevant data. What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories. For up to date S75 Borough Statistics

Although specific impacts on equality categories have not been identified, the following data was used to inform the policy

- Customer use of Council facilities
- Conservation input
- Tree survey work
- Managers experience
- Demographic Data
- Requests received from private landowners/ members of the public.

See below Census 2021 data.

Section 75 category	Evidence	
Religious belief	Census 2021 a population of 218,656 residents in ACBCBC, when asked what their current religion; • 41.7% identified as belonging to Protestant or other Christian religion • 41% identified Catholic and	
	 41% Identified Catholic and 14.7% identified no religion and 	
	• 1.1% other religion.	
Political opinion	Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council has 41 elected members. A breakdown of results of the Local Government Election in May 2023 for the borough are as follows:	
	Democratic Unionist Party – 13	
	 Ulster Unionist Party – 6 	
	Sinn Fein – 15	
	Social Democratic and Labour Party – 1	

	1	
	Alliance – 4	
	Independent – 1 Thy	
	• TUV – 1	
	A total of 87,684 votes were polled in the borough from an eligible electorate of 155,625 giving an overall turnout of 56.34%. This breakdown is taken as an approximate representation of the political opinion of people within the borough.	
Racial group	Census 2021 results identified approximately 3.3% of the borough population from a minority ethnic grouping with 8.6% of the population born outside of UK and 6.8% don't have English as their main language. The most prevalent languages spoken in ABC, outside of English are Polish (1.7%) and Lithuanian (1.2%). The main ethnic minority groups identified in the census were Mixed, Black African and Chinese.	
Age	2021 Census results on age of Borough citizens identified. 0-15 years 22.1%, 16 – 24 years 10%, 25 – 49 years 32.9% 50 – 64 years 19% 65 and over 16% This represented a 26.7% increase in the 65+ age group and a 25.62% increase in the 50-64yr age group since the last census in 2011.	
Marital status	The 2021 Census provides information on the marital and civil partnership status of those aged 16 and over. Almost half of residents aged 16+ in the borough were married (49.0%).	
Sexual orientation	The question on sexual orientation was new for the 2021 Census and was asked of all people aged 16 and over. However, while completing the census is a legal obligation, there was no statutory penalty for those people who failed to provide an answer to the question on sexual orientation. 90.5% identified as heterosexual or straight, 1.5% LGB+, 8% did not state their sexual orientation.	
Men and women generally	2021 Census data – male 49.5% Female 50.5%	
Disability	2021 Census results identified 22.3% of Borough citizens as having a limiting long term health problem or disability, affecting 36,488 households. Of those citizens in the Borough with a limiting long term health problem or disability, 56.8% are in the 65+ age group.	
Dependants	The 2021 Census showed that 32% or 27,192 households in the borough contained dependent children. Results from the 2021 Census also show that 12% of the borough's population aged 5 years old and over (or 24,741 individuals) provided unpaid care. Of those who provided unpaid support: • 46% provided 1 – 19 hours per week	

 24% provided 20 – 49 hours per week 30% provided 50+ hours per week.
Benefit statistics from the Department for Communities show that at November 2022 there were 8,120 claimants, or 4.8% of 16 and over population, claiming Carer's Allowance in the borough.

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information gathered above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories in relation to this particular policy/decision?

Section 75 category	Needs, experiences and priorities
Religious belief	N/A
Political opinion	N/A
Racial group	N/A
Age	N/A
Marital status	N/A
Sexual orientation	N/A
Men and women generally	N/A
Disability	N/A
Dependants	N/A

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy for each of the Section 75 categories?

Category	Policy Impact	Level of impact (Major/minor/none)
Religious belief	None	None
Political opinion	None	None
Racial group	None	None
Age	None	None
Marital status	None	None
Sexual orientation	None	None
Men and women generally	None	None
Disability	None	None
Dependants	None	None

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 categories?

Category	If yes, provide details	If no, provide reasons
Religious belief		N/A
Political opinion		N/A
Racial group		N/A
Age		N/A
Marital status		N/A
Sexual orientation		N/A

Men and women generally		N/A
Disability	Effective management of	
	trees will ensure	
	accessibility of the	
	greenspaces for disabled	
	people.	
Dependants	Effective management of	
	trees will ensure	
	accessibility of the	
	greenspaces for people with	
	dependants	

3. To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion, or racial group?

Category	Details of Policy Impact	Level of impact (major/minor/none)
Religious belief		None
Political opinion		None
Racial group		None

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Category	If yes, provide details	If no, provide reasons
Religious belief		N/A
Political opinion		N/A
Racial group		N/a

Multiple Identity

Generally speaking, people fall into more than one Section 75 category (for example: disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; young lesbian, gay and bisexual people). Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant s75 categories concerned.

N/A	

Disability Discrimination (NI) Order 2006

	s there an opportunity f	for the policy to	promote positive	e attitudes towards	disabled	people
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N/A

Is there an opportunity for the policy to encourage participation by disabled people in public life?

N/A	
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Screening Decision

A: NO IMPACT IDENTIFIED ON ANY CATEGORY - EQIA UNNECESSARY

Please identify reasons for this below

The aim of this policy is to ensure that a consistent approach to tree management is adopted across the Council area and will apply to those trees stocks managed by Council. It has a neutral impact on the equality categories.

B: MINOR IMPACT IDENTIFIED - EQIA NOT CONSIDERED NECESSARY AS IMPACT CAN BE ELIMINATED OR MITIGATED

Where the impact is likely to be minor, you should consider if the policy can be mitigated, or an alternative policy introduced. If so, an EQIA may not be considered necessary. You must ndicate the reasons for this decision below, together with details of measures to mitigate the adverse impact or the alternative policy proposed.
C: MAJOR IMPACT IDENTIFIED – EQIA REQUIRED
f the decision is to conduct an equality impact assessment, please provide details of the easons.

Timetabling and Prioritising

If the policy has been screened in for equality impact assessment, please answer the following questions to determine its priority for timetabling the equality impact assessment.

On a scale of 1-3 with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for equality impact assessment.

Policy CriterionRating (1-3)Effect on equality of opportunity and good relationsChoose an item.Social needChoose an item.Effect on people's daily livesChoose an item.

The total rating score should be used to prioritise the policy in rank order with other policies screened in for equality impact assessment. This list of priorities will assist the Council in timetabling its EQIAs.

Is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? If yes, please give details.

N/A		

Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help the authority identify any future adverse impact arising from the policy. It is recommended that where a policy has been amended or an alternative policy introduced to mitigate adverse impact, monitoring be undertaken on a broader basis to identify any impact (positive or adverse).

Further information on monitoring is available in the Equality Commission's guidance on monitoring (www.equalityni.org).

Identify how the impact of the policy is to be monitored

This policy will be reviewed in 5yrs or before if there are any changes.

Approval and Authorisation

A copy of the screening form for each policy screened should be signed off by the senior manager responsible for that policy. The screening recommendation should be reported to the relevant Committee/The Council when the policy is submitted for approval.

Screened by	Position/Job title	Date
Kieran Cahoon	Outdoor Spaces	24/09/2024
	Maintenance Manager	
Approved by	Position/Job Title	Date
Approved by	Position/Job Title Claire Duddy	Date 13/03/2025

Please forward a copy of the completed policy and form to:

Equality@armaghbanbridgecraigavon.gov.uk

who will ensure these are made available on the Council's website.

The above officer is also responsible for issuing reports on a quarterly basis on those policies "screened out for EQIA". This allows stakeholders who disagree with this recommendation to submit their views. In the event of any stakeholder disagreeing with the decision to screen out any policy, the screening exercise will be reviewed.

Appendix 4: RURAL NEEDS IMPACT ASSESSMENT (RNIA)

SECTION 1

Defining the activity subject to Section 1(1) of the Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016

- 1A. Name of Public Authority: Armagh City, Banbridge & Craigavon Borough The Council
- 1B. Please provide a short title which describes the activity being undertaken by the Public Authority that is subject to Section 1(1) of the Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016.

Tree Management Policy

1C Please indicate which category the activity specified in Section 1B above relates to:

Developing a Adopting a Implementing a Revising a

Policy

Designing a Public Service Delivering a Public Service

1D. Please provide the official title (if any) of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service document or initiative relating to the category indicated in Section 1C above

Tree Management Policy

1E. Please provide details of the aims and/or objectives of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service

This policy identifies Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council's approach to the management of trees.

Objective of the policy

- The aim of the tree management policy will be to set out Council's approach to managing the trees it has responsibility for.
- Developing and improving the trees located within Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon Borough Council's remit.
- Dealing with common complaints.
- Health and Safety
- The management policy is designed to balance the risks with the benefits of the tree stock.
- Conservation will be a key consideration when maintaining Council's tree stock.

1F. What definition of 'rural' is the Public Authority using in respect of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service?

Population Settlements of less than 5,000 (Default defi	
Other Definition (Provide details and the rationale below A definition of 'rural' is not applicable	w) □ □
Details of alternative definition of 'rural' used	_
Rationale for using alternative definition of 'rural'.	
Reasons why a definition of 'rural' is not applicable.	
SECTION 2 Understanding the impact of the Policy, Strate	egy, Plan or Public Service
2A. Is the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service li people in rural areas?	kely to impact on
Yes ⊠ No □ If respons	se is No go to 2E
2B. Please explain how the Policy, Strategy, Plan on people in rural areas.	or Public Service is likely to impact
The Policy will have a positive impact on people in vis where the management of trees under council control	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2C. If the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service is areas differently from people in urban areas, please on people in rural areas differently.	
The Policy will not impact on people in rural areas diff	erently from people in urban areas.
2D. Please indicate which of the following rural po or Public Service is likely to primarily impact on.	licy areas the Policy, Strategy, Plan
Rural Businesses	
Rural Tourism	\boxtimes
Rural Housing	
Jobs or Employment in Rural Areas	
Education or Training in Rural Areas	
Broadband or Mobile Communications in Rural Areas	

Trans	sport Services o	or Infrastructure in	n Rural Areas	
Healt	h or Social Care	e Services in Rur	al Areas	
Pove	rty in Rural Area	as		
Depri	vation in Rural	Areas		
Rural	Crime or Comr	munity Safety		
	Development	, , ,		
	Environment			$\overline{\Box}$
_	(Please state)			_
	(* ************************************			
If the	response to S	Section 2A was `	YES GO TO Section 3A.	
	lease explain v ct on people in		Strategy, Plan or Public Ser	vice is NOT likely to
SEC	CTION 3			
		ocial and Ecor	nomic Needs of Persons in	n Rural Areas
			steps to identify the social a ant to the Policy, Strategy, F	
				Plan or Public Service?
yes 3B. P	le in rural area □ Please indicate e Public Autho	No ⊠ which of the fo	ant to the Policy, Strategy, F	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas	le in rural area □ Please indicate e Public Autho	No ⊠ which of the fo	If response is No go If response is No go Ilowing methods or informa the social and economic nee	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Autho s. ultation with Ru	No Swhich of the foority to identify the stakeholders	If response is No go allowing methods or informathe social and economic needs	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons Cons	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Autho s. ultation with Ru	No ⊠ which of the fority to identify t	If response is No go allowing methods or informathe social and economic needs	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons Cons Publis	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Autho s. ultation with Ru ultation with Oth	No Swhich of the foority to identify the stakeholders	If response is No go allowing methods or informathe social and economic needs	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. Pby thareas Cons Cons Publis Rese	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Authors. ultation with Ru ultation with Oth shed Statistics arch Papers	No S which of the form ority to identify to the stakeholders the rorganisations	If response is No go allowing methods or informathe social and economic needs	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
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Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons Cons Publis Rese Surve Other	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Authors. ultation with Ru ultation with Oth shed Statistics arch Papers eys or Questions	No S which of the form or the form of the	If response is No go	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons Cons Publis Rese Surve Other	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Authors. ultation with Ru ultation with Oth shed Statistics arch Papers eys or Questions Publications Methods or Inf	No S which of the form ority to identify to the stakeholders the rorganisations	If response is No go	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used
Yes 3B. P by th areas Cons Cons Publis Rese Surve Other (inclu 3C. P the s name	le in rural area Please indicate e Public Authors. ultation with Ru ultation with Oth shed Statistics arch Papers eys or Questions Publications Methods or Inf de details in Question or Question of Question of Question of Methods or Inf de details in Question or Question of Questi	No S which of the formation of the state of	If response is No go	Plan or Public Service? to 3E tion sources were used eds of people in rural trces used to identify ng relevant dates,

3D. Please provide details of the social and economic needs of people in rural areas which have been identified by the Public Authority?

If the response to Section 3A was YES GO TO Section 4A.
3E. Please explain why no steps were taken by the Public Authority to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas?
There were no steps taken to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas as it is anticipated that this Policy will not impact upon those areas.
SECTION 4 Considering the Social and Economic Needs of Persons in Rural Areas
4A. Please provide details of the issues considered in relation to the social and economic needs of people in rural areas.
N/A
SECTION 5 Influencing the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service
5A. Has the development, adoption, implementation or revising of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or delivery of the Public Service, been influenced by the rural needs identified?
Yes □ No ⊠ If response is No go to 5C
5B. Please explain how the development, adoption, implementation or revising of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or delivery of the Public Service, has been influenced by the rural needs identified.
If the response to Section 5A was YES go to 6A.
5C. Please explain why the development, adoption, implementation or revising of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or the delivery of the Public Service, has NOT been influenced by the rural needs identified.
The Policy has not been influenced by the rural needs identified as this is an operational policy and it is anticipated that this Policy will not impact upon those areas.

SECTION 6

Documenting and Recording

6A. Please tick below to confirm that the RNIA Template will be retained by the Public Authority and relevant information on the Section 1 activity compiled in accordance with paragraph 6.7 of the guidance.

I confirm that the RNIA Template will be retained,	and relevant information compiled. $\ oxtimes$
Rural Needs Impact Assessment undertaken by:	Kieran Cahoon
Position:	utdoor Spaces Maintenance Manager
Department / Directorate:	Sustainability & Parks
Signature:	
Date:	13/03/2025
Rural Needs Impact Assessment approved by: Position: Parks	Claire Duddy Head of Climate, Sustainability &
Department / Directorate: ES and Sustainability Directorate	Climate, Sustainability and Parks,
Signature:	
Date:	13/03/2025